Internet Appendix for

"Public Pension Promises: How Big Are They and What Are They Worth?"*

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This internet appendix presents material that is supplemental to the main tables in "Public Pension Promises: How Big Are They and What Are They Worth?" This Internet Appendix consists of three tables, one figure, and a technical note. The first table (Table IA.I) shows assets and liabilities as reported by state pension systems as of different reporting dates. The second table (Table IA.II) shows the detailed actuarial assumptions used in our calibrations that translate among different liability methods and discount rates. The final table (Table IA.III) shows a history of government employee wages alongside stock market returns. The figure (Figure IA.1) shows the effect of market rates on liability values during 2009, as well as Treasury yields at each date during 2009 at three maturities. Our main estimates in this paper use June 30, 2009 as a valuation date. Finally, the technical note demonstrates that accruals under the entry age normal method resemble money set aside in a DC savings plan.

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Table IA.I Assets and Liabilities as Reported by State Pension Systems

This table shows assets and liabilities as reported by state-sponsored public pension systems. In each panel, the plans are divided by the date of the latest Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which is the source of the information. The final row of the table shows the estimate of aggregate assets and liabilities harmonized to June 30, 2009. To calculate liabilities on a stated basis as of this date, the annual growth rate of aggregate liabilities is applied to move the liability forward or backward by the necessary number of months. To calculate assets on a stated basis as of this date, the annual growth rate of aggregate of basis as of the necessary number of months.

| | Lia | abilities | Assets | | |
|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--|
| Latest Report Date | Count | Amount (\$ trillions) | Count | Amount (\$ trillions) | |
| December 31, 2009 | 3 | 0.02 | 4 | 0.04 | |
| June 30, 2009 | 48 | 0.93 | 82 | 1.33 | |
| December 31, 2008 | 12 | 0.31 | 14 | 0.26 | |
| June 30, 2008 | 37 | 1.23 | 5 | 0.04 | |
| Other Dates | 16 | 0.54 | 11 | 0.29 | |
| Raw Sum of Latest | 116 | 3.03 | 116 | 1.96 | |
| June 30, 2009 (Estimated) | | 3.14 | | 1.94 | |

Table IA.II Actuarial Assumptions

This table sets out the actuarial assumptions we use to translate among different liability methods and discount rates. Panel A shows member counts and average salaries for plans by actuarial method, calculated using the CAFRs of the 116 sample plans. For Panels B and C, we examine the CAFRs of the 10 states with the largest total liabilities and take assumptions from the reports where they are usable: New York, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Texas. The figures represent an average over the reports. Where necessary we perform linear interpolations between age brackets. Panel D shows the age distribution of retirees, including salaries in each age range. The information in Panel D is only disclosed sporadically in the CAFRs, but by randomly sampling the CAFRs we obtain an average distribution across 10 plans covering approximately 1.2 million retirees. The plans entering the Panel D distributions are the Massachusetts Public Employee Retirement System, Employees' Retirement System of Georgia, Teachers' Retirement System of Illinois, Florida Retirement System, State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, Tennessee Consolidated Retirement Systems, Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System, Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, New York State Employees Retirement System, and Arizona Retirement System.

| | Pane | l A. Member Cour | nts and Salaries as | of June 2009 | |
|---------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------|
| | | | | | |
| | Active | Annuitants | Separated & Vested | Total | Salary |
| Total | 12,920,361 | 6,813,294 | 2,592,462 | 22,326,118 | |
| Mean | 111,382 | 58,735 | 22,349 | 192,466 | \$49,241 |
| Median | 61,240 | 35,678 | 6,144 | 103,483 | \$44,180 |
| Std Dev | 153,683 | 77,012 | 44,838 | 259,096 | \$17,767 |

| Pa | nel B. Salary Growth and Separation R | Rate by Age |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Age | Salary Growth | Separation Rate |
| 21-25 | 10.0% | 19.8% |
| 26-30 | 11.2% | 9.1% |
| 31-35 | 7.6% | 6.8% |
| 36-40 | 7.0% | 6.0% |
| 41-45 | 6.1% | 4.9% |
| 46-50 | 5.6% | 4.7% |
| 51-55 | 5.0% | 4.7% |
| 56-60 | 4.7% | 21.4% |
| 61-65 | 4.2% | 23.3% |
| 66-70 | 4.0% | 26.1% |
| 71-75 | 4.1% | 54.9% |

| Age | | | | | | Yea | rs of Servio | ce | | | | |
|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Min | Max | 0-5 | 6-10 | 11-15 | 16-20 | 21-25 | 26-30 | 31-35 | 36-40 | 41-45 | 46-50 | 51-5 |
| 21 | 25 | 0.033 | 0.000 | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | 30 | 0.108 | 0.021 | 0.000 | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | 35 | 0.053 | 0.068 | 0.010 | 0.000 | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 40 | 0.038 | 0.042 | 0.044 | 0.007 | 0.000 | | | | | | |
| 41 | 45 | 0.036 | 0.027 | 0.024 | 0.027 | 0.006 | 0.000 | | | | | |
| 46 | 50 | 0.032 | 0.027 | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.023 | 0.006 | 0.001 | | | | |
| 51 | 55 | 0.023 | 0.024 | 0.022 | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.028 | 0.013 | 0.000 | | | |
| 56 | 60 | 0.014 | 0.015 | 0.017 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.016 | 0.026 | 0.004 | 0.000 | | |
| 61 | 65 | 0.007 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.007 | 0.005 | 0.004 | 0.003 | 0.000 | | |
| 66 | 70 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| 71 | 75 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 |

Age-Service Relative Wages (as a fraction of overall average wage)

| Age | ; | | | | | Yea | rs of Servio | ce | | | | |
|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Min | Max | 0-5 | 6-10 | 11-15 | 16-20 | 21-25 | 26-30 | 31-35 | 36-40 | 41-45 | 46-50 | 51-55 |
| 21 | 25 | 0.570 | 0.441 | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | 30 | 0.698 | 0.844 | 0.767 | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | 35 | 0.718 | 0.911 | 0.882 | 0.695 | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 40 | 0.655 | 0.899 | 1.069 | 1.123 | 1.020 | | | | | | |
| 41 | 45 | 0.603 | 0.804 | 1.037 | 1.174 | 1.204 | 0.948 | | | | | |
| 46 | 50 | 0.588 | 0.746 | 0.927 | 1.125 | 1.245 | 1.253 | 0.959 | | | | |
| 51 | 55 | 0.610 | 0.761 | 0.906 | 1.056 | 1.215 | 1.325 | 1.367 | 1.344 | | | |
| 56 | 60 | 0.659 | 0.772 | 0.903 | 1.043 | 1.168 | 1.307 | 1.413 | 1.478 | 1.352 | | |
| 61 | 65 | 0.686 | 0.745 | 0.868 | 0.998 | 1.119 | 1.202 | 1.318 | 1.491 | 1.461 | | |
| 66 | 70 | 0.760 | 0.848 | 0.911 | 1.011 | 1.083 | 1.164 | 1.241 | 1.345 | 1.429 | 1.160 | |
| 71 | 75 | 0.718 | 0.722 | 0.540 | 0.764 | 0.878 | 0.880 | 1.132 | 1.301 | 1.172 | 1.358 | 1.276 |

| | Panel D. Age Distri | bution of | Retirees with Av | verage Salaries | | |
|----------|---------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| | Equal | Weighted | Person Weighted | | | |
| | Average | | | <u></u> | Average | |
| | Share | | Salary | Share | Salary | |
| Under 50 | 1.1% | \$ | 22,531 | 1.4% | \$ 19,564 | |
| 50-54 | 2.1% | \$ | 25,977 | 2.0% | \$ 24,109 | |
| 55-59 | 10.8% | \$ | 33,227 | 10.5% | \$ 28,584 | |
| 60-64 | 20.9% | \$ | 31,043 | 19.8% | \$ 28,263 | |
| 65-69 | 19.9% | \$ | 25,901 | 19.7% | \$ 22,677 | |
| 70-74 | 15.6% | \$ | 23,184 | 15.7% | \$ 20,756 | |
| 75-79 | 12.4% | \$ | 20,354 | 12.7% | \$ 18,159 | |
| 80-84 | 9.0% | \$ | 17,937 | 9.5% | \$ 16,444 | |
| 85-89 | 5.2% | \$ | 15,408 | 5.5% | \$ 13,368 | |
| 90+ | 2.8% | \$ | 15,124 | 3.0% | \$ 13,379 | |
| Total | 100% | \$ | 25,054 | 100% | \$ 22,117 | |

Table IA.III

Government Employee Wage Data and the Stock Market Wages are for government workers only and are calculated from the CPS. Inflation data are from the BLS. The return on the U.S. stock market and the risk free rate are extracted from the data made available by Kenneth French.

| | Government Mean Wage | Standard Deviation of | Growth in Mean | CPI | Wage Growth Minus CPI | Risk free | Stock Market | Excess Return |
|------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| CPS Year | Income | Wages | Wages | Inflation | Inflation | rate (r_f) | Return (r_m) | $(r_m - r_f)$ |
| 1962 | 5000 | 2724 | | | | 2.7% | -10.3% | -13.1% |
| 1963 | 5033 | 2446 | 0.7% | 1.3% | -0.7% | 3.1% | 20.9% | 17.8% |
| 1964 | 5327 | 2881 | 5.8% | 1.3% | 4.5% | 3.5% | 16.3% | 12.8% |
| 1965 | 5471 | 2632 | 2.7% | 1.6% | 1.1% | 3.9% | 14.4% | 10.5% |
| 1966 | 5791 | 3159 | 5.9% | 2.9% | 3.0% | 4.8% | -8.7% | -13.4% |
| 1967 | 6023 | 2874 | 4.0% | 3.1% | 0.9% | 4.2% | 28.6% | 24.4% |
| 1968 | 6598 | 3699 | 9.6% | 4.2% | 5.4% | 5.2% | 14.2% | 9.0% |
| 1969 | 7148 | 4188 | 8.3% | 5.5% | 2.9% | 6.6% | -10.8% | -17.4% |
| 1970 | 7734 | 3686 | 8.2% | 5.7% | 2.5% | 6.5% | 0.1% | -6.4% |
| 1971 | 8446 | 4279 | 9.2% | 4.4% | 4.8% | 4.4% | 16.2% | 11.8% |
| 1972 | 8814 | 5184 | 4.4% | 3.2% | 1.2% | 3.8% | 17.3% | 13.5% |
| 1973 | 9357 | 4777 | 6.2% | 6.2% | -0.1% | 6.9% | -18.8% | -25.7% |
| 1974 | 9977 | 5379 | 6.6% | 11.0% | -4.4% | 8.0% | -27.9% | -36.0% |
| 1975 | 10556 | 5762 | 5.8% | 9.1% | -3.3% | 5.8% | 37.4% | 31.6% |
| 1976 | 11499 | 5646 | 8.9% | 5.8% | 3.2% | 5.1% | 26.8% | 21.7% |
| 1977 | 12248 | 5944 | 6.5% | 6.5% | 0.0% | 5.1% | -3.0% | -8.1% |
| 1978 | 12924 | 6336 | 5.5% | 7.6% | -2.1% | 7.2% | 8.6% | 1.4% |
| 1979 | 13829 | 7108 | 7.0% | 11.3% | -4.3% | 10.4% | 24.4% | 14.0% |
| 1980 | 14879 | 8008 | 7.6% | 13.5% | -5.9% | 11.3% | 33.2% | 22.0% |
| 1981 | 16236 | 7193 | 9.1% | 10.3% | -1.2% | 14.7% | -4.0% | -18.79 |
| 1982 | 17813 | 7941 | 9.7% | 6.2% | 3.6% | 10.5% | 20.4% | 9.9% |
| 1983 | 18333 | 9481 | 2.9% | 3.2% | -0.3% | 8.8% | 22.7% | 13.99 |
| 1984 | 19926 | 10540 | 8.7% | 4.3% | 4.4% | 9.8% | 3.2% | -6.79 |
| 1985 | 21048 | 11155 | 5.6% | 3.6% | 2.1% | 7.7% | 31.4% | 23.7% |
| 1986 | 21657 | 11127 | 2.9% | 1.9% | 1.0% | 6.2% | 15.6% | 9.4% |
| 1987 | 23038 | 11824 | 6.4% | 3.6% | 2.7% | 5.5% | 1.8% | -3.7% |
| 1988 | 24311 | 12388 | 5.5% | 4.1% | 1.4% | 6.4% | 17.6% | 11.29 |
| 1989 | 25143 | 12972 | 3.4% | 4.8% | -1.4% | 8.4% | 28.4% | 20.19 |
| 1990 | 26749 | 13631 | 6.4% | 5.4% | 1.0% | 7.8% | -6.1% | -13.9% |
| 1991 | 27400 | 13880 | 2.4% | 4.2% | -1.8% | 5.6% | 33.6% | 28.0% |
| 1992 | 29008 | 14717 | 5.9% | 3.0% | 2.9% | 3.5% | 9.1% | 5.6% |
| 1993 | 30067 | 15131 | 3.7% | 3.0% | 0.7% | 2.9% | 11.6% | 8.7% |
| 1994 | 30719 | 15738 | 2.2% | 2.6% | -0.4% | 3.9% | -0.8% | -4.79 |
| 1995 | 31699 | 16922 | 3.2% | 2.8% | 0.4% | 5.6% | 35.7% | 30.1% |
| 1996 | 33301 | 24617 | 5.1% | 3.0% | 2.1% | 5.2% | 21.2% | 16.09 |
| 1997 | 33627 | 22699 | 1.0% | 2.3% | -1.3% | 5.3% | 30.3% | 25.19 |
| 1998 | 34860 | 21563 | 3.7% | 1.6% | 2.1% | 4.9% | 22.3% | 17.49 |
| 1999 | 36204 | 21813 | 3.9% | 2.2% | 1.6% | 4.7% | 25.3% | 20.6% |
| 2000 | 37003 | 21555 | 2.2% | 3.4% | -1.2% | 5.9% | -11.1% | -16.9% |
| 2001 | 39358 | 24954 | 6.4% | 2.8% | 3.5% | 3.9% | -11.3% | -15.19 |
| 2001 | 40366 | 25560 | 2.6% | 1.6% | 1.0% | 1.6% | -20.8% | -22.5% |
| 2002 | 41402 | 28042 | 2.6% | 2.3% | 0.3% | 1.0% | 33.1% | 32.19 |
| 2003 | 43600 | 30343 | 5.3% | 2.7% | 2.6% | 1.2% | 13.0% | 11.89 |
| 2004 | 43281 | 27485 | -0.7% | 3.4% | -4.1% | 3.0% | 7.3% | 4.4% |
| 2005 | 45182 | 33045 | -0.7% 4.4% | 3.4% | -4.1% | 4.8% | 16.2% | 11.49 |
| 2000 | 45969 | 30834 | 4.4% | 2.8% | -1.1% | 4.8% 4.7% | 7.3% | 2.6% |
| 2007 | 43909 | 29402 | 3.1% | 2.8% 3.8% | -0.7% | 4.7% | -38.3% | -40.09 |
| Mean | +/410 | 27402 | 5.0% | 4.8% | 0.6% | 5.7% | -38.3% | <u>-40.0</u> 5.39 |
| Volatility | | | 2.6% | 4.8% 3.1% | 2.6% | 2.8% | 17.9% | 17.9% |

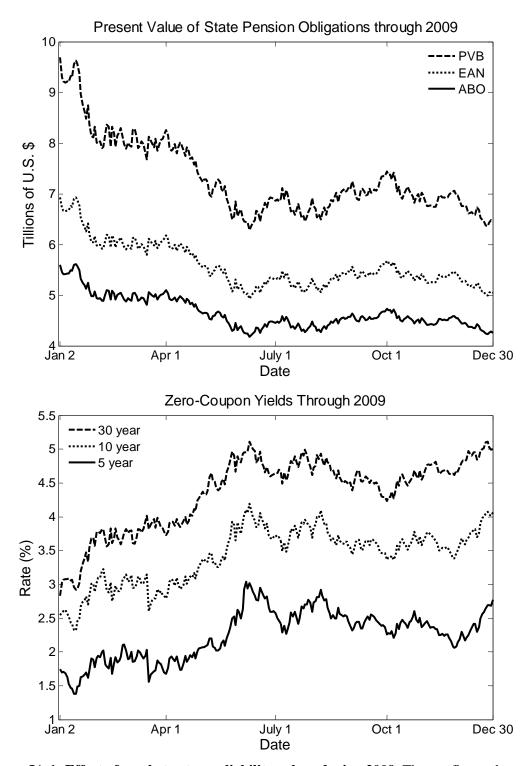


Figure IA.1: Effect of market rates on liability values during 2009. The top figure shows the present value of state pension obligations using Treasury discounting at each day during 2009. The bottom shows the Treasury yields at each date at three maturities. Our main estimates in this paper use June 30, 2009 as a valuation date.

Technical Note: Normal Costs Under the Entry Age Normal Accrual Method

To see that the EAN accruals resemble money set aside in a DC saving plan, note that under the EAN method the Normal Cost for a worker of age *a* with *s* years of service, that is, the liability accrued for the current year of service, is given by

$$NC_EAN_{a,s}^{T} = EAN_{a,s}^{T} - \left(\frac{1+r}{S_{a-1,1}}\right) \times EAN_{a-1,s-1}^{T+1},$$

the difference between the current liability and last year's liability grossed up by the discount rate and adjusted to account for the fact that the worker survived from last year. Substituting our formula for the EAN into the previous equation and simplifying yields

$$NC_EAN_{a,s}^{T} = \left(\frac{PVB_{a-s,0}^{s+T}}{\sum_{i=1}^{s+T} \frac{S_{a-s,i}}{(1+r)^{i}} \times W_{a-s+i,i}}\right) \times W_{a,s}.$$

The term in the parentheses on the right-hand side of the previous equation is unchanged if a and s increase by one while T decreases by one. That is, it is invariant over the employee's tenure.